## Homework Solutions

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## Exercise 8

(a) Check that $(40)(0.60)=24>5$ and $(40)(.40)=16>5$, so $\hat{p}$ has a normal distribution. That means that we can use normalcdf to find the probability. The mean and standard deviation of $\hat{p}$ are

$$
\mu_{\hat{p}}=0.60
$$

and

$$
\sigma_{\hat{p}}=\sqrt{\frac{(0.60)(0.40)}{40}}=0.07746
$$

Then the probability that $\hat{p}$ will be greater than 0.75 is

$$
\text { normalcdf }(.75, \mathrm{E} 99, .60, .07746)=0.0264
$$

(b) Find the probability of fewer than $25 \%$. If it is really small, then it would be quite unusual.

$$
\text { normalcdf }(- \text { E99 }, .25, .60, .07746)=3.117 \times 10^{-6}=0.000003117
$$

That's pretty unusual.

